

This test will be filled at the end of the training.

We would like you, voluntarily and completely anonymously, to complete this test related to the information we have provided you and the scenes we have proposed.

Your collaboration helps us prevent gender-based violence.

1. Choose which words are linked to the concept of gender from the options below.
  - Gonads
  - Genitals
  - Roles
  - Personality
  - Hormones
  - Sociocultural construction
  - Abilities
2. Choose which words are linked to the concept of sex from the options below.
  - Gonads
  - Genitals
  - Roles
  - Personality
  - Hormones
  - Sociocultural construction
  - Abilities
3. Gender identity...
  - Always matches the sex assigned at birth.
  - Is always based on a binary classification.
  - Always has to do with how a person presents themselves to the world.
  - None of the above.
4. Gender expression...
  - Can be conditioned by social expectations.
  - Determines sexual orientation.
  - Can only be masculine or feminine.
  - Is assigned at birth.
5. Quid pro quo harassment is harassment in which...
  - One person has no authority over the other and therefore they are in an equal situation.

- A person freely chooses to offer sexual contact to another in a higher position and asks for work or academic improvements in return.
  - A harassing person threatens the other person that, if they do not submit to their sexual demands, they will lose benefits, opportunities or conditions at work or in their career.
  - A hostile environment situation occurs.
6. Making derogatory comments to a woman because she is a woman may be considered...
- Sexual harassment.
  - Harassment by reason of sex.
  - Harassment by reason of sexual orientation.
  - Vertical harassment.
7. Which of these statements is true about violence against women?
- It only occurs in an intimate relationship or the family.
  - It always takes the form of physical violence.
  - It can occur in an intimate relationship, in the family, at work or in the community.
  - It always occurs in private.
8. We know that men who commit gender-based violence...
- Are ill and have mental disorders.
  - Use violence due to the intake of alcohol and other substances.
  - Are not to blame for what they do.
  - None of the above.
9. I feel attracted to someone, I make some kind of insinuation, I offer to meet up several times. If, despite their refusal, I continue to insist and reiterate my insinuations...
- I can make the other person uncomfortable.
  - It may be considered harassment.
  - I am engaging in a conduct that goes against the rules of the UPC.
  - All of the above.
10. If I repeatedly receive lewd comments from a colleague and, even though I have brought this to their attention, this type of behaviour persists...
- I have to solve the situation myself because it's happening to me.
  - I must have done something that has led to this situation.
  - I have to make light of it because these things happen.
  - I can explain this to the protocol contact person, who can offer me support or activate the harassment protocol.

11. If I feel bad or insecure because my girlfriend hangs out with her friends and I try to convince her to spend Saturday nights with me instead of with them, tell her that I miss her, that I need to spend more time with her and that she should want to make me happy...

- I am setting up control mechanisms through blackmail.
- I am exercising a form of social violence, which has to do with wanting to isolate the other person.
- I can approach the Equality Unit to ask them to help me stop behaving in this way.
- All of the above.

12. If, in the context of my university placement at a company, someone at the company sexually propositions me or behaves inappropriately towards me...

- I can ask for help from the protocol contact person at my school or contact the Equality Office of the University.
- I cannot activate the University anti-harassment protocol because this situation takes place outside the University.
- I have to endure this situation for the duration of my placement.
- I have to solve the situation myself.

13. If I share someone else's intimate photos or videos of a sexual nature without their consent...

- I'm sexpreading.
- I'm committing a crime.
- What I'm doing goes against the rules of the University.
- All of the above.

14. If a guy starts touching me and kissing me against my will when I'm really drunk...

- I have clearly put myself in a dangerous situation and therefore it is my fault.
- If nothing happens beyond that (and there is no penetration) it cannot be considered sexual violence.
- I am a victim of sexual violence, unless he is my boyfriend, because in that case it wouldn't count.
- I am a victim of sexual violence, whoever he is, since there is no active, conscious or enthusiastic consent on my part.

15. If I witness or am aware of a situation of sexist violence or harassment at the University...

- The best I can do is forget what happened because it's none of my business.
- I should never put myself in the middle of a situation that has nothing to do with me.
- I have to ignore it.
- I have to contact the person responsible for equality at my school or the Equality Office so that they are made aware of it and can act accordingly.